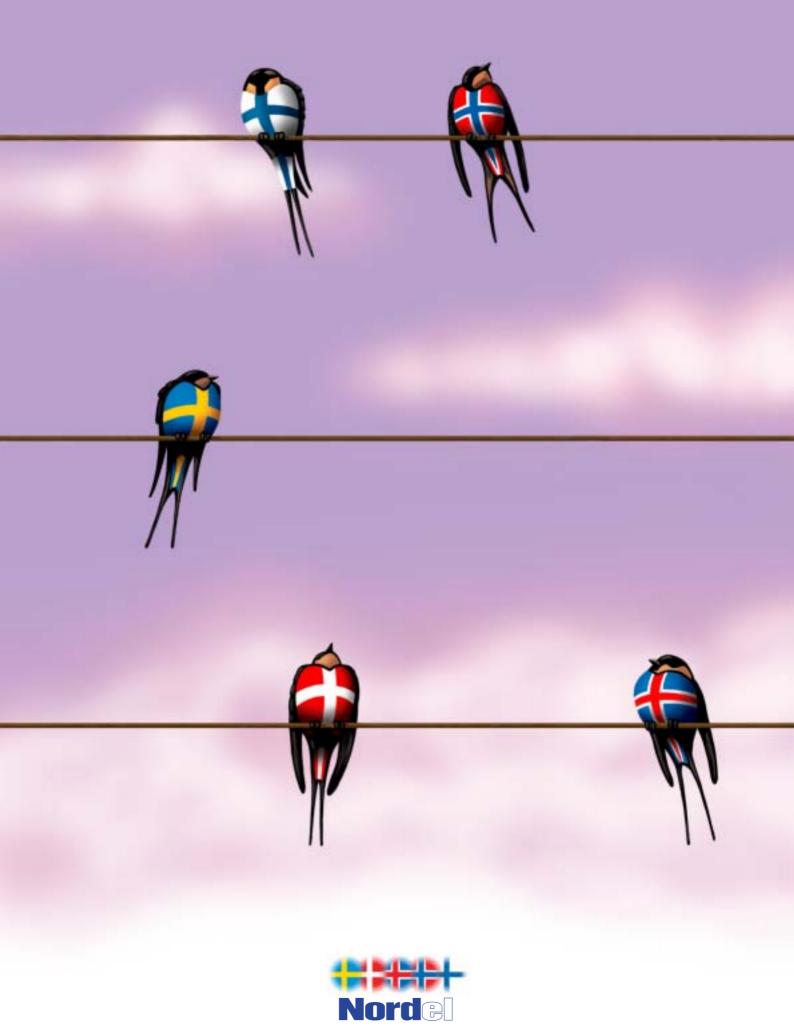
Annual statistics 2004



Statistics

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Responsible for processing of the statistics

Jan Foyn, Nord Pool ASA, Norway

Units and symbols

kW kilowatt

 $\begin{array}{ll} MW & megawatt = 1,000 \ kW \\ GW & gigawatt = 1,000 \ MW \end{array}$

J joule kJ kilojoule

PJ petajoule = 10¹⁵ J

kWh kilowatt-hour = 3,600 kJ
MWh megawatt-hour = 1,000 kWh
GWh gigawatt-hour = 1,000 MWh
TWh terawatt-hour = 1,000 GWh

Alternating current (AC)

Direct current (DC)

Data are nonexistent

.. Data are too uncertain0 Less than 0.5 of the unit given

Key figures for 2004

		Nordel	Denmark	Finland	Iceland	Norway	Sweden
Population	mill.	24.5	5.4	5.2	0.3	4.6	9.0
Total consumption	TWh	399.5	35.5	86.9	8.6	122.0	146.4
Maximum load ¹	GW	67.0	6.2	12.9	1.0	20.2	26.7
Electricity generation	TWh	387.9	38.4	81.9	8.6	110.5	148.5
Breakdown of electi	ricity gene	eration					
Hydropower	%	49	0	18	83	99	40
Nuclear Power	%	25	-	26	-	-	50
Other thermal power	%	18	76	42	0	0	4
Other renewable power	er %	8	24	14	17	1	6

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1)}}$ Measured 3rd Wednesday in January. $\mbox{\ \ -= Data}$ are nonexistent. $\mbox{\ \ 0 = Less}$ than 0,5 %.

Installed capacity

S1 Installed capacity on 31 Dec. 2004, MW

	Denmark	Finland	Iceland	Norway	Sweden	Nordel
Installed capacity, total 1)	12,710	16,488	1,475	28,327	33,551	92,551
Thermal Power	8,888	11,094	117	121	15,274	35,494
- Nuclear Power	-	2,671	-	-	9,471	12,142
Other Thermal Power 2)	8,888	8,423	117	121	5,803	23,352
- Condensing power and	8,237	6,627	-	8	3,863 3)	18,735
CHP, district heating						
- CHP, industry	381	996	-	49 4)	317	1,743
- gas turbines, etc	270	800	117	64	1,623 3)	2,874
Renewable Power	3,822	5,394	1,358	28,206	18,277	57,057
- Hydro power	11	2,986	1,156	27,925	16,137	48,215
Other Renewable power	3,811	2,408	202	281	2,140	8,842
- wind power	3,122	79		158	442	3,801
- biofuel	418	2,198		96	1,545	4,257
- waste	271	131		27	153	582
- geothermal power			202			202
Commissioned in 2004	67	187	5	481	323	1,063
Decommissioned in 2004	188	-	6	254	132	580
43.5 A. I. H. 14.0	100	0.55			***	0.55
"Mothballed" 5)	100	255			500	855

¹⁾ Refers to the sum of the rated net capacities of the individual power plant units in the power system, and should not be considered to represent the total capacity available at any single time.

S2 Average-year generation of hydropower in 2004, GWh

	Denmark	Finland	Iceland	Norway	Sweden	Nordel
Average-year generation 2	- 004	13,060	6,790	118,829	65,000	203,679
Average-year generation 2	- 003	13,045	6,790	118,393	65,000	203,228
Change	-	15	0	436	0	451
Reference period	-	1961-90	1950-00	1970-99	1950-00	

²⁾ Fossil fuels (coal, oil, etc).

³⁾ Includes capacity of power plants which are included in the agreement considering the power reserve in Sweden.

⁴⁾ Energy recovery from industry.

Mothballed capacity that can be recommissioned by decision of the power plant owner. All mothballed plants are considered as unavailable no matter how long in advance the desision of recommissionning must be taken. Mothballed capacity are not included in the total installed capacity.

Installed capacity

S3 Changes in installed capacity in 2004

Power category	Power plant	Com- missioned MW	Decom- missioned MW	Change in average -year generation (hydropower) GWh	Type of fuel
Denmark East					
CHP CHP, district heating	Amagerværket B1 H.C. Ørstedværket B7 Rønneværket Decentral kraftvarme	2 28	136 6		Coal Gas/oil Oil Waste/natural gas
Denmark West					8
CHP, district heating	Decentral CHP Decentral CHP Local CHP Local CHP	12 14 2 2	40		Biofuel Natural gas Biofuel Natural gas
CHP, industry CHP, industry	Enstedværket blok 3 1)		40 6		Hard Coal Natural gas
Wind power	Various	7			
Finland					
Hydropower CHP, district heating Wind Power	Seitakorva Pietarsaari Various	20 140 27		14	
Iceland					
Hydropower CHP	Nye Bonde	5	6		Diesel
Norway					
Hydropower Windpower	Nye Tyin Various Hitra	374 49 55	192 1	216 220	
СНР	Various Various	3	61		
Sweden					
Hydropower Nuclear power Condensing power	Various changes Various changes Marviken	21 30 200	27		Oil
CHP, district heating CHP, industry	Various changes Varoius changes Various changes	28 1	10		
Gas turbines Wind power	Various changes Various changes	43	96		Oil

¹⁾ Included as bioboiler.

Installed capacity

S4 Power plants (larger than 10 MW): decisions taken

Power category	Power plant	Capacity MW	Estimated start-up Year	Average-year generation (hydropower) GWh	Type of fuel
Denmark - East					
Wind power	Rødsand Havmøllepark 2	200	2009		
Denmark - West					
Wind power	Horns Rev 2	200	2008		
Finland					
CHP, district heating Hydropower Nuclear power	Pursiala Petäjäskoski II - III Ossauskoski I - III Olkiluoto 3	32 32 39 1,600	2005 2005-2006 2007-2009 2009	42 42	
Iceland					
Hydropower Geothermal	Kàrahnjùkar Nesjavellir IV Hellisheidi Reykjanes	690 30 80 100	2007 2005 2006 2006	4,600	
Norway					
Hydropower	Follafoss Nygard Øvre Otta Grunnåi Blåfalli-Vik Kløvtveit Hunsfoss	19 56 171 15 150 10	2005 2005 2005 2006 2006 2007 2007	45 74 525 54 106 41 65	
Wind Power	Smøla	110	2005		
Sweden	- 1.				
Nuclear power CHP, Industry CHP, district heating Wind power	Forsmark 1 and 2 Various Ryaverket Various	100 190 260 90	2005-2006 2005-2007 2006 2006-2007		Biofuel Natural gas

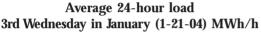
System load

S5 Maximum system load for each country in 2004 1)

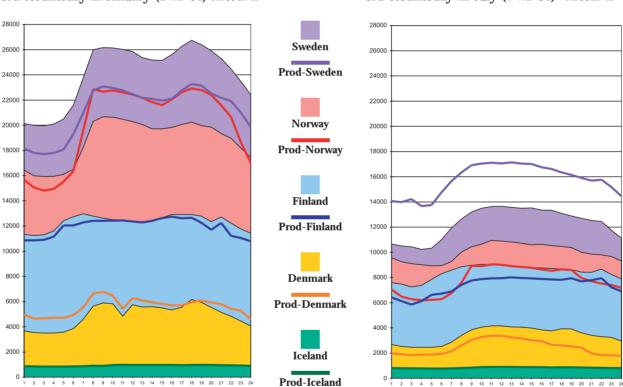
	MWh/h	Date/time
Denmark - West	3,618	01.27.04 09.00 - 10.00 am
Denmark - East	2,628	01.06.04 05.00 - 06.00 pm
Finland	13,570	02.11.04 06.00 - 07.00 pm
Iceland	1,033	12.17.04 10.00 - 11.00 am
Norway	20,675	01.21.04 09.00 - 10.00 am
Sweden	27,300	01.22.04 08.00 - 09.00 am

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1)}\text{The}$ system load is not corrected vs. temperatures and is local time.

System load 3rd Wednesday in January and in July 2004



Average 24-hour load 3rd Wednesday in July (7-21-04) MWh/h



Maximum and minimum system load

	3rd Wednesday in Jan 2004 5:00 - 6:00 PM - MWh/h, max.	3rd Wednesday in July 2004 12:00 - 01:00 PM - MWh/h, min.
Denmark	6,157	4,076
Finland	12,911	8,933
Iceland	974	890
Norway	20,235	10,825
Sweden	26,745	13,562
Nordel	67,023	38,286

All hours are local time.

Interconnections

S6 Existing interconnections between the Nordel countries

Countries/Stations	Rated voltage/kV	Transmission as per desiş MV	gn rules¹)	Total length of line km	Of which cable km
Denmark West - Norway		From Denmark	To Denmark		
Tjele-Kristiansand	250/350=	1,000	1,000	240/pol	127/pol
Denmark East - Sweden		From Sweden	To Sweden		
Teglstrupgård - Mörarp 1 and 2	132~		1	23	10
Gørløsegård - Söderåsen	400~	1,350	1,750	70	8
Hovegård - Söderåsen	400~		J	91	8
Hasle (Bornholm) - Borrby	60~	60	60	48	43
Denmark West - Sweden					
Vester Hassing - Göteborg	250=	290	270	176	88
Vester Hassing - Lindome	285=	380	360	149	87
Finland - Norway		From Finland	To Finland		
Ivalo - Varangerbotn	220~	100	100	228	-
Finland - Sweden		From Sweden	To Sweden		
Ossauskoski - Kalix	220~	7 -]	93	-
Petäjäskoski - Letsi	400~	1,600 2)	1,200 2)	230	-
Keminmaa - Svartbyn	400~		J	134	-
Rauma - Forsmark	400=	550	550	235	200
Senneby - Tingsbacka (Åland)	110~	80	80	81	60
Norway - Sweden		From Sweden	To Sweden		
Sildvik - Tornehamn	132~	7 -]	39	-
Ofoten - Ritsem	400~	1,000 4)	1,300 3,4)	58	-
Røssåga - Ajaure	220~	1,000 %	1,300 5, 5	117	-
Nea - Järpströmmen	275~	_	J	100	-
Linnvasselv, transformator	220/66~	50	50		-
Lutufallet - Höljes	132~	40	20	18	-
Eidskog - Charlottenberg	132~	100	100	13	-
Hasle - Borgvik	400~	2,150 4)	2,150 4.5)	106	-
Halden - Skogssäter	400~	۵,150 -	۵,150 ۹۰۶	135	-

¹⁾ Maximum permissible transmission.

²⁾ In certain situations, the transmission capacity can be lower than the limit given here.

 $^{^{3)}}$ Thermal limit. Stability problems and generation in nearby power plants may lower the limit.

 $^{^{4)}}$ The transmission capacity can in certain situations be lower, owing to bottlenecks in the Norwegian and Swedish network.

⁵⁾ Requires a network protection system during operation (production disconnection).

Interconnections

S7 Existing interconnections between the Nordel countries and other countries

Countries/Stations	Rated	Trai	nsmission	Total length	Of which
	voltage/kV	capa	city/MW	of line/km	cable/km
Denmark West - Germany		From Nordel	To Nordel		
Kassø - Audorf	2 x 400~		\neg	107	-
Kassø - Flensburg	220~	1,200	8003)	40	-
Ensted - Flensburg	220~			34	-
Ensted - Flensburg	150~	150	150	26	5
Denmark East - Germany					
Bjæverskov - Rostock	400=	600	600	166	166
Finland - Russia		From Nordel	To Nordel		
Imatra - GES 10	110~	-	100	20	-
Yllikkälä - Viborg ²⁾	2 x 400~	\neg	1,400	2 x 67	-
Kymi - Viborg 2)	400~			132	
Nellimö - Kaitakoski	110~	-	60	50	-
Norway - Russia		From Nordel	To Nordel		
Kirkenes - Boris Gleb	154~	50	50	10	-
Sweden - Germany		From Nordel	To Nordel		
Västra Kärrstorp - Herrenwyk	450=	6001)	$600^{1)}$	269	257
Sweden - Poland		From Nordel	To Nordel		
Stärnö - Slupsk	450=	600	600	256	256

 $^{^{1)}}$ The transmission capacity is currently limited to 460 MW from Nordel and 390 MW to Nordel due to limitation in the German network.

S8 Interconnections and grid reinforcement: decisions taken

Countries/Stations	Rated voltage kV	Transmission capacity as per design rules MW	Total length of line km	Of which cable km	Estimated commissioning Year
Norway - Netherlands					
NorNed	$\pm 450 =$	700	580	580	2007
(Feda - Eemshaven)					
Finland - Sweden					
Fenno-Skan 2	500	600 - 800	300	200	2010
(Rauma - Finnböle)					
Finland-Estland					
Estlink (Espoo-Harku)	±150	350	105	74	2006

S9 Transmission lines of 110-400 kV in service on 31 Dec. 2004

	400 kV, AC and DC km	220-300 kV, AC and DC km	110, 132, 150 kV km	
Denmark	1,400	500	4,200	
Finland	4,000	2,400	15,300	
Iceland	100	500	1,300	
Norway	2,100 1)	5,600	10,500	
Sweden	11,100	4,600	15,000	

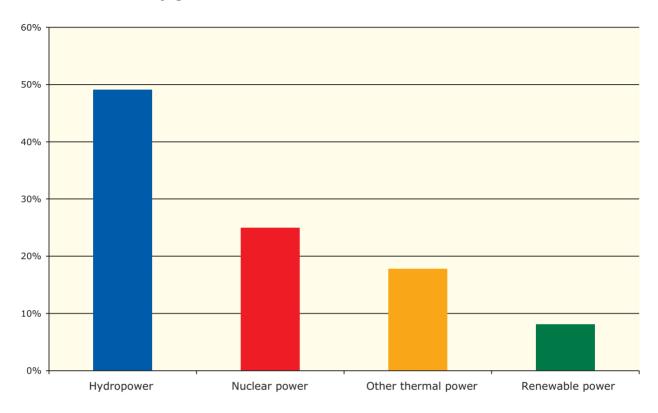
 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1)}\,\text{At}$ present in service with 220 kV.

 $^{^{2)}}$ Back to Back HVDC ($\pm 85~\text{kV} =$) in Viborg and synchronous operation of NWPP power plant.

 $^{^{3)}}$ The transmission capacity to the north is limited to 800 MW due to internal restrictions in Denmark West.

Electricity generation

S10 Total electricity generation within Nordel 2004



S11 Electricity generation 2004, GWh

	Denmark	Finland	Iceland	Norway	Sweden	Nordel
Total generation	38,377	81,920	8,621	$110,545^{2}$	148,484	387,947
Thermal power	29,050	55,952	5	582	80,323	165,912
- nuclear power	-	21,779	-	-	75,039	96,818
Other thermal power 1)	29,050	34,173	5	582	5,284	69,094
- CHP, district heating and	27,206	29,971	-		3,527	60,704
condensing power						
- CHP, industry	1,841	4,164	-	2073)	1,751	7,963
- gas turbines, etc.	3	38	5	375	6	427
Renewable power	9,327	25,968	8,616	109,963	68,161	222,035
- hydro power	26	14,726	7,132	109,280	59,529	190,693
Other renewable power	9,301	11,242	1,484	683	8,632	31,342
- wind power	6,583	120	-	260	850	7,813
- biofuel	1,365	10,146	-	296	6,971	18,778
- waste	1,353	976	-	127	811	3,267
- geothermal power	-	-	1,484	-	-	1,484
Total generation 2003 ³⁾	43,754	80,377	8,495	$107,122^{2)}$	132,547	372,295
Change as against 2003 3)	-12.3%	1.9%	1.5%	3.2%	12.0%	4.2%

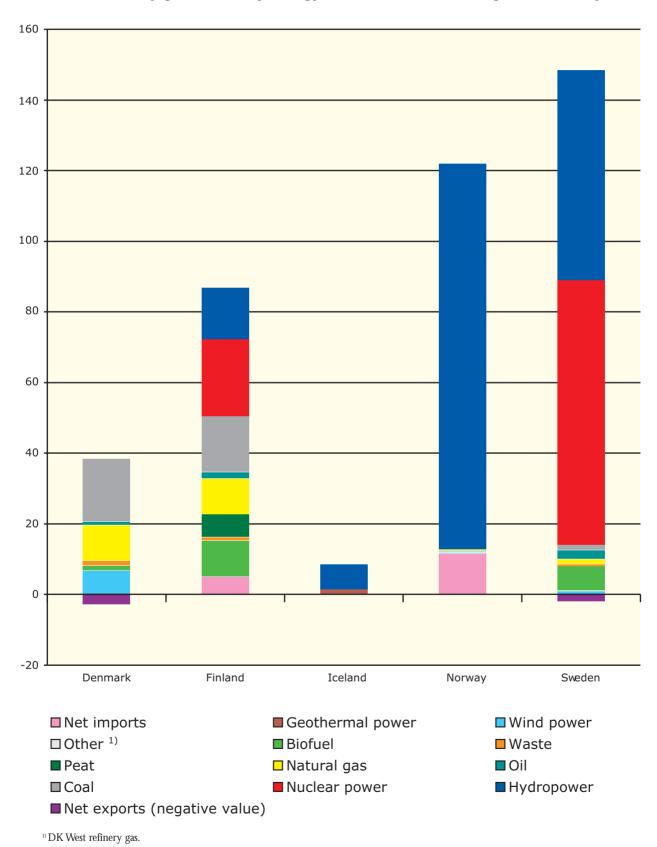
¹⁾ Fossil fuels (coal, oil, etc).

²⁾ Gross production.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 3)}$ Includes heat recovery production from industry.

Electricity generation

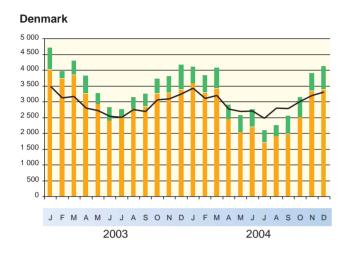
S12 Total electricity generation by energy source and net exchange of electricity 2004, TWh



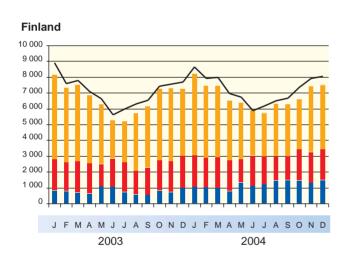
¹¹

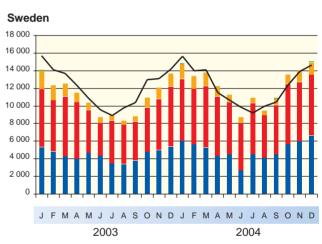
Electricity generation

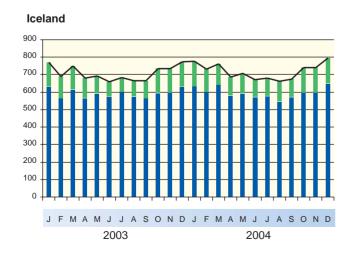
S13 Monthly generation and total consumption of electricity 2003-2004, GWh







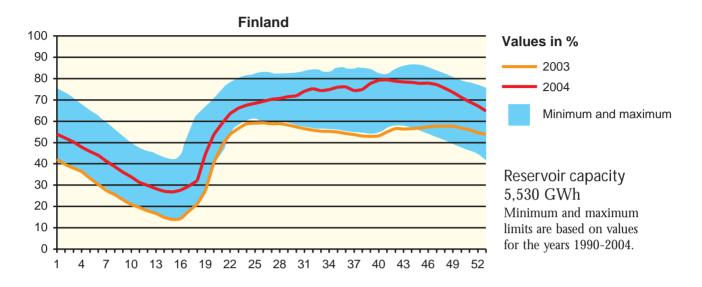


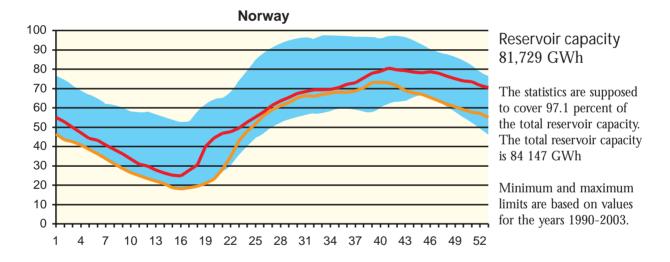


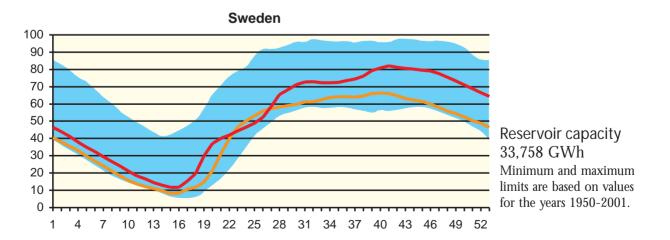
Wind power (Denmark) or geothermal power (Iceland)
Other thermal power
Nuclear power
Hydropower
Total consumption

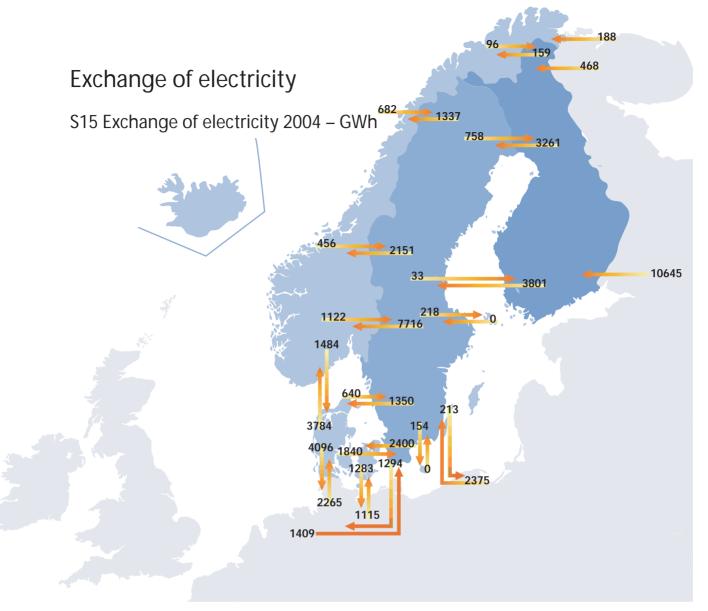
Water reservoirs

S14 Water reservoirs 2004









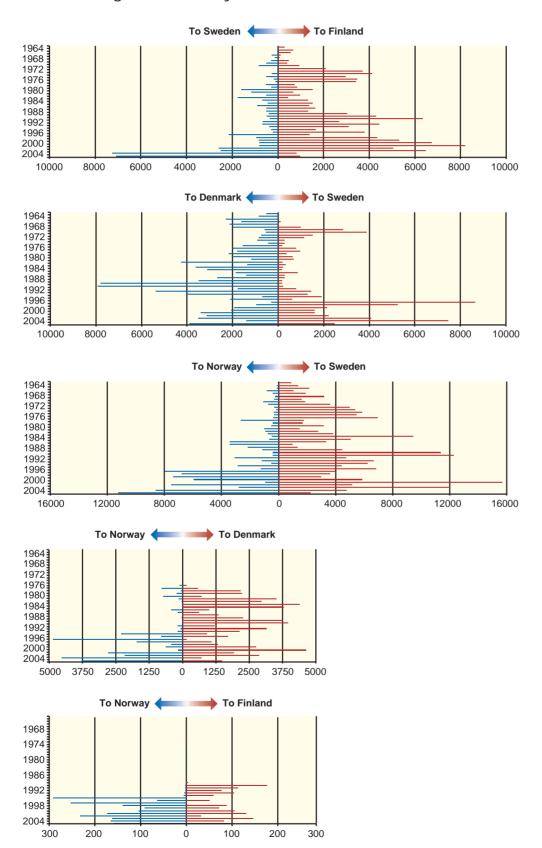
S16 Exchange of electricity 2004 – GWh

From: To:	Denmark	Finland	Norway	Sweden	Other countries ¹⁾	∑ From
Denmark	-	-	3,784	2,480	5,379	11,643
Finland	-	-	159	7,062	-	7,221
Norway	1,484	96	-	2,260	-	3,840
Sweden	3,904	1,009	11,204	-	1,507	17,624
Other countries 1)	3,380	11,113	188	3,784	-	18,465
ΣΤο	8,768	12,218	15,335	15,586	6,886	58,793 Nordel
Total to	8,768	12,218	15,335	15,586		51,907
Total from	11,643	7,221	3,840	17,624		40,328
Net imports	-2,875	4,997	11,495	-2,038		11,579
Net imports/total						
consumption	-8.1%	5.7%	9.4%	-1.4%		2.9%

¹⁾ Germany, Russia and Poland.

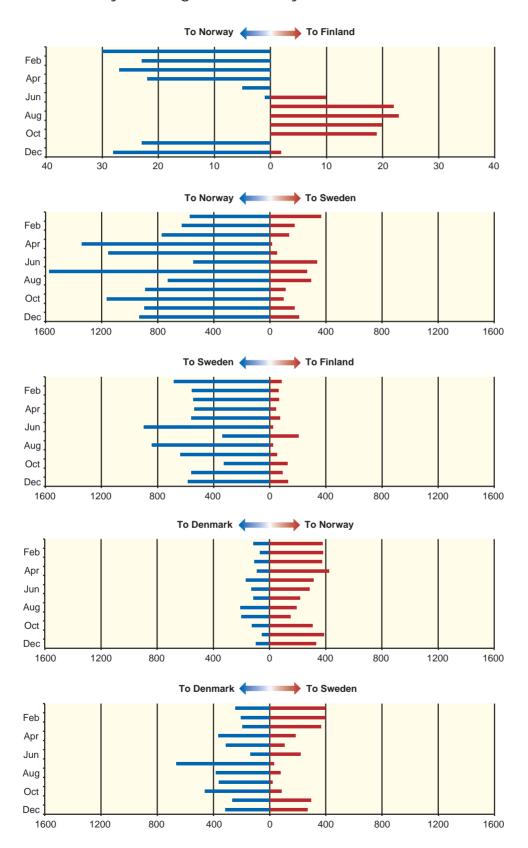
Exchange of electricity

S17 Exchange of electricity between the Nordel countries 1963 - 2004, GWh



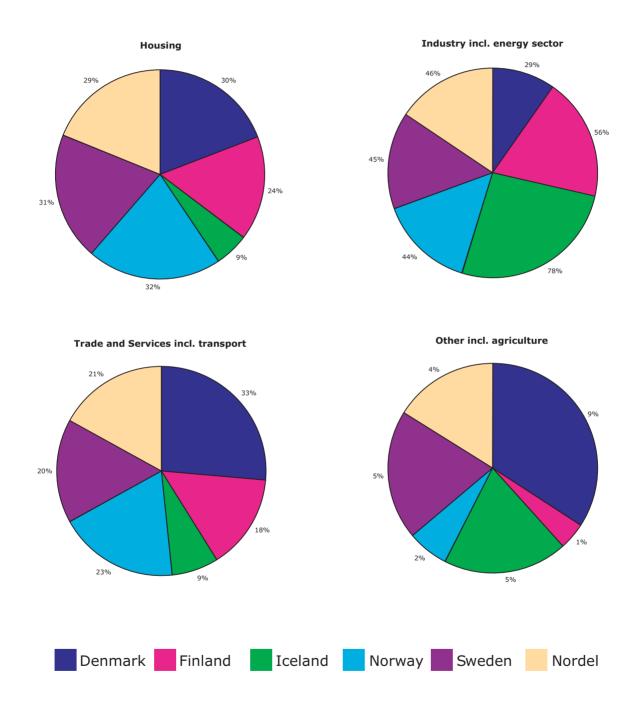
Exchange of electricity

S18 Monthly exchange of electricity between the Nordel countries 2004, GWh



Electricity consumption

S19 Net consumption of electricity 2004, by consumer category



Electricity consumption

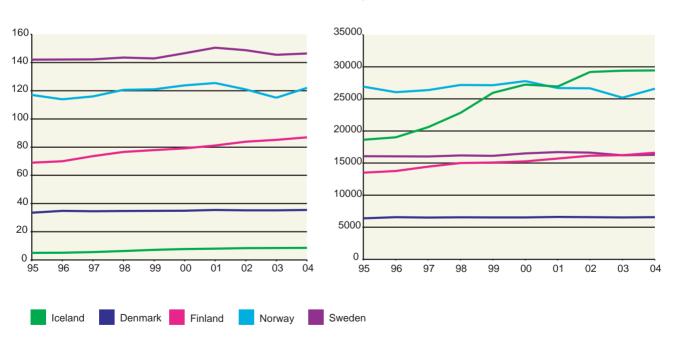
S20 Electricity consumption 2004, GWh

	Denmark	Finland	Iceland	Norway	Sweden	Nordel
Total consumption	35,502	86,917	8,621	122,040	146,446	399,526
Occasional power to electric boilers	-	50	199	3,700	1,414	5,363
Gross temp correct consumption	35,760	86,937	7,843	125,434	147,462	403,436
Gross consumption	35,502	86,867	8,422	118,340	145,032	394,163
Losses, pumped storage power	2,608	3,314	499	9,848	11,240	27,509
Net consumption 1)	32,894	83,553	7,923	108,492	133,792	366,654
- housing	9,800	20,456	676	34,756	40,950	106,638
- industry (incl. energy sector)	9,547	46,976	6,166	47,623	59,594	169,906
- trade and services (incl. transport)	10,747	15,261	706	24,413	26,548	77,675
- other (incl. agriculture)	2,800	860	375	1,700	6,700	12,435
Population (million)	5.40	5.23	0.29	4.59	9.01	24.53
Gross consumption per capita, kWh	6,574	16,600	29,423	26,588	16,252	16,287
Gross consumption 2003	35,210	85,224	8,495	115,008	145,476	389,413
Change as against 2003, %	0.8%	2.0%	1.5%	6.1%	0.7%	2.6%

¹⁾ Estimated net consumption.

S21 Total electricity consumption 1995 - 2004, TWh

S22 Total electricity consumption per capita 1995 - 2004, kWh



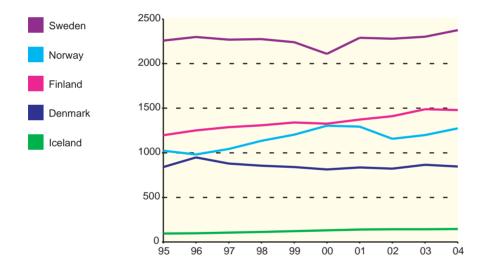
Electricity consumption

S23 Total electricity consumption 2004, GWh

	Denmark	Finland	Iceland	Norway	Sweden	Nordel
Generation 2004	38,377	81,920	8,621	110,545	148,484	387,947
Net imports 2004	-2,875	4,997		11,495	-2,038	11,579
Total consumption 2004	35,502	86,917	8,621	122,040	146,446	399,526
Generation 2003	43,754	80,377	8,495	107,122	132,547	372,295
Net imports 2003	-8,544	4,847		7,886	12,929	17,118
Total consumption 2003	35,210	85,224	8,495	115,008	145,476	389,413

Total energy supply

S24 Total energy supply 1995 - 2004, PJ



Prognosis

S25 Installed capacity, prognosis for available production capacity and maximum system load in 2004, MW

	Denmark West	Denmark East	Finland	Iceland	Norway	Sweden
Installed capacity 1)	7,488	5,222	16,488	1,475	28,327	33,351
Available production capacity 2)	4,700	3,170	13,600		22,800	27,700
Maximum system load ³⁾	3,618	2,628	13,570	1,033	20,675	27,300

¹⁾ Installed capacity pr. 12-31-04. Refers to sum of rated net capacities of the individual power plant units in the power system and should not be considered to represent the total capacity available at any single time.

S26 Total consumption of electricity 2004 and prognosis for 2008, TWh

	Denmark	Finland	Iceland 3)	Norway	Sweden
2004 1)	36	87	8.6	122	146
2008 ²⁾	38	94	15,6	133	150

¹⁾ The consumption is not corrected vs. temperatures.

S27 Maximum system load 2004 and prognosis for winter 2008/09, MWh/h

	DK- West	DK -East	Finland	Iceland 3)	Norway	Sweden
2004 1)	3,618	2,628	13,570	1,033	20,675	27,300
2008/09 2)	4,000	3,050	14,700	1,790	22,800	27,600

¹⁾ The consumption is not corrected vs. temperatures.

S28 Prognosis for available production capacity for the market winter 2008/09, MWh/h

	DK- West	DK -East	Finland	Iceland 2)	Norway	Sweden
2008/09 1)	4,550	3,150	14,200	2,258	23,450	28,300

¹⁾ Prognosis based on data from the Balance Group in Nordel and shows the available capacity for market according to a 2-years normal winter temp.

² Prognosis based on data from the Operational Group in Nordel and shows available production capacity for the market a cold winter day (10-year winter). More information is available in the report Power Balance 2004/2005 at www.nordel.org.

³⁾ Maximum system load for each country in 2004, MWh/h.

²⁾ Prognosis based on data from the Balance Group in Nordel and shows the total consumption according to normal winter conditions.

³⁾ Prognosis based on data from the Energy prognosis committee.

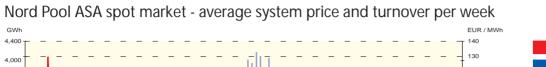
²⁾ Prognosis based on data from the Balance Group in Nordel and shows the maximum system load according to a 2-years normal winter temp.

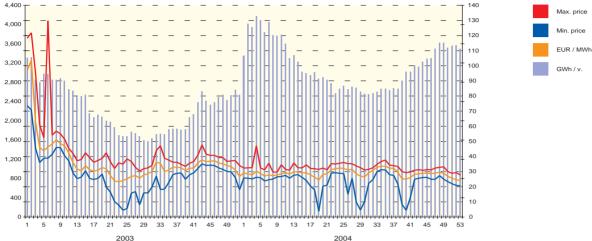
³⁾ Prognosis based on data from the Energy prognosis committee.

²⁾ Prognosis based on data from the Energy prognosis committee.

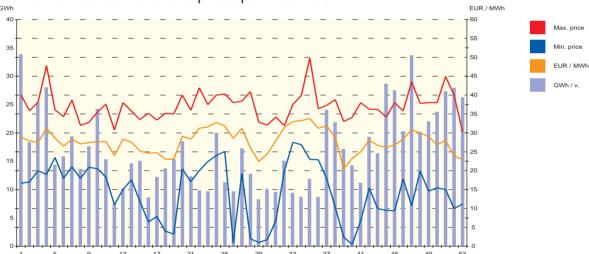
Spot prices

S29 Spot prices and turnover on the Nordic electricity exchanges 2003 - 2004

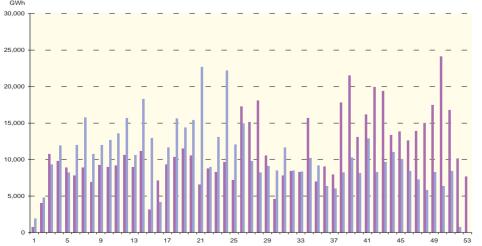




ELBAS market - turnover and prices per week 2004



Nord Pool's Financial market - turnover per week 2004





Svenska Kraftnät adapts the management of power lanes in such a way that attention is payed to sensitive environments and the biological diversity benefits. Photo: Alf Linderheim

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Definitions

Gross consumption

The sum of domestic generation and imports minus exports and occasional power to electric boilers; usually expressed in GWh.

Electricity generation

(net generation)

The output of a power plant, excluding the plant's own consumption; usually expressed in GWh. Registration of generation is referred to where the power plant is physically located.

Exchange of electricity

The monthly sums (in GWh) of the physically registered MWh values for each connection between the individual countries, per hour of exchange.

Installed capacity

(net capacity)

The sum of the rated capacities of the individual power plant units (expressed in MW), excluding the power plant's own consumption of electricity (exclusive heat production).

Generation of condensing power

Generation at a conventional steam power plant where the energy of the steam is used solely for electricity generation and where the steam is condensed to water after the turbine.

Net consumption

The sum of the energy used by consumers of electricity; usually expressed in GWh.

Transmission capacity

The power (in MW) that a highvoltage line can transmit under normal conditions, taking into account any limitations that may be imposed on the rated capacity.

Pumped storage power

The electricity used for pumping water up to a reservoir, for the generation of electricity later on; expressed in GWh.

Losses

The difference between gross consumption and net consumption plus pumped storage power; usually expressed in GWh.

Occasional power to electric boilers

Expressed in GWh, this refers to the supply of electricity to electric boilers on special conditions for the generation of steam or hot water, which may alternatively be generated using oil or some other fuel.

Total consumption

The sum of electricity generation and net imports, expressed in GWh.

Combined heat and power (CHP) generation

Generation at a steam power plant where some of the energy of the steam is used for electricity generation and some for another purpose, e.g. for district heating or as process steam for industry. Previously known as backpressure generation.

Other renewable power

Wind power, biofuel, waste and geothermal power.

Calculation of the electricity consumption

Electricity generation

- + Imports
- Exports
- = Total consumption
- Occasional power to electric boilers
- = Gross consumption
- Losses, pumped storage power etc.
- = Net consumption

